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TRANSLATION

2318664 France

Ref: 30/38/21240 4

This invention relates to appearatus for playing genus which may form part of a learning routine.

According to the present invention there is provided apparatus comprising first means forming a flying object, a plurchity of flexible elongate elements connected to said first means, and a plurchity of support elements for respective ones of said elongate elements.

Preferably the ends of the alongate elements remote from said first means are secured to second means. Conveniently, the second means is actuable to effect adjustment in length of the respective elements.

Preferably also, the apparatus includes a target over which said first means is menoeuverable. Conveniently the target includes releasable members and the first means includes means adapted to remove said members from said target. Alternatively the first means may include releasable members and selectively-operable means to release said members.

Conveniently the first means takes the form of an aircraft and the flexible elongate elements are lengths of nylon
or other plastics material.

Various embodiments of the present invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 1 illustrates the principle underlying the present

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invention and illustrates an alreacht 10 secured at the ends of four strings 11 which are made of nylon and which pass over support elements 12. The ends III of the strings are free for menual actuation and when each is so actuated the aircraft 10 which forms a flying object is menoeuvred within the confines of the area bounded by the support elements 12. The elements 12 may be in the form of upstanding posts carrying swivel joint walleys 13 around which the strings 11 are entrained on they may take the form of wall mounting elements 14, either releasable or permanent and they may or may not include swivel mountings.

Various forms of the pulleys 13 are illustrated in Fig.2. The support elements 12 may take any convenient form such as chairs if the apparatus is used indoors.

The cade IIA of the strings II may be attached to winch devices 14 which in turn may be secured to a fixture or to the operator's person for manual operation or for manually-actuated power-sesisted operation. Alternatives are illustrated in Fig. 3.

The eiroraft 10 may be provided with one or more hooks
15 depending from its undercarriage and by virtue of the
adjustability in effective length of the strings 11 the
aircraft can be manocurred onto a target 20, Fig.4, on which
releasable members 21 are located. The members 21 may take
the form of toy soldiers such as are illustrated in Fig.5,
incorporating pick up rings 16 but any other form
of member 21 may be utilised. For example, the target 20

are in the form of the individual countries of the world.

Alternatively, the target 20 can be formed in two portions one of which stores a plurality of members 21 taking specific shapes and the other portion takes the shape of a map of the world and the mircraft is utilised to lift a selected member 21 and locate it on a selected country. For example, the member 21 could represent copper ingots and the object would be to place the member 21 on a country producing copper.

Fig. 6 illustrates two forms which the aircraft 10 may take but any other form of flying object appropriate to the game could be used. For example a space craft could be used.

The apparatus according to the present invention may be ntilised in a variety of games such as war games. For example, one of the members 21 could be in the form of an aircraft carrier and the object or aircraft 10 could be used to transfer men and/or equipment onto the aircraft carrier from an island or a stranded aircraft carrier, for example.

The aircraft 10 could be equipped with a bomb bay and
20 a string like the strings 11 arranged to open the bay at a
desired location. The location could be denoted by a member
21 on the target which could incorporate a scale by meens of
which a score for accuracy could be awarded. Instead of bombs
the aircraft 10 could be equipped with parachutists.

The target 20 may take the form of an eircraft landing

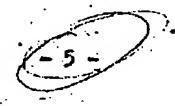
strip with markings permitting a score - accuracy to be awarded. The target 20 may include a hidden object which if located by a member landing thereon provides an additional score.

The aircraft 10 could incorporate a searchlight for night operation and could include one or more strings 11 permitting orientation of the aircraft 10 in addition to mancauverability over a target. All of the strings 11 could be detachable to permit the aircraft to be landed and released. The aircraft could be used in combination with members 21 arranged on a race-track or a conveyor belt.

It will be appreciated that the apparatus of the present invention may be utilised in a modified form. For example, the winches 14 could all be mounted adjacent one another for operation by a single operator (.i.e. two honds). Alternatively the winches 14 could be under the control of a single element controller arranged to cause actuation of a single winch on movement of the controller in a specific direction.

Instead of winches the ends 114 of the strings 11 could be controlled by pneumatic means or even by springs. In a more advanced form the ends 114 of the strings could be controlled by a computer-operated device which is servo-controlled according to the location of the sireraft 10 over a target.

Although reference has been made to the provision of hooks and rings or lifting elements on the members 21 it



will be appreciated that any simple form of interfitting arrangement or inter-engaging arrangement could be used, either permanent magnets or, in the case of the aircraft electromagnets under control of an operator via an additional atring 11.

The target 20 may incorporate scenery which may be removable and of course may be of any dimension which is suitable and convenient. For example, the target 20 may be about 20 inch by 20 inch and the supports 12 may whereby the apparatus is adapted for use on a table top. The strings 11 are hidden by passing through the posts. The sheaves or pulleys around which the strings 11 are entrained may incorporate ball-race bearings to reduce friction. The aircraft 10 may incorporate a noise emitter to simulate aircraft engine noise, the emitter being battery-operated, if so desired by means of a further string 11. Furthermore, the aircraft may be suspended from a ring to which the various strings 11 are secured, the aircraft being adjustable in orientation about the axis of the ring by means of a small motor within the aircraft.

and although some of the games mentioned above are for amusement purposes others may be used as part of a learning routine. Various learning routines may be envisaged utilising the apparatus of the

invention. In example, it might be required to learn the pass of different forms of wild life. The predators could then take the form of the flying object 10 and the prey would be in the form of members 21. Alternatively, the location of historical events could be a required learning routine. Likewise the location of various discoveries.

It will now be appreciated that the apparatus in accordance with the present invention may be utilized in games with or without a learning routine and that the games may be played by a plurality of persons or by a single person depending upon the number of strings and upon the arrangements for moving or shortening these strings. The games may be played indoors or out-of-doors and may utilize equipment of almost any dimensions.

Further to the descriptions laid out in the previous paragraphs the variations of the invented principles are as follows.

See Figure 7. Element 10 relates to a baseboard which may be of any dimension and may be made of wood, nylon, plastic or cardboard. The said baseboard may take the moulded or appropriate shape of many different types of games such as:

- a) Air Sea Rescue involving lifting stranded men in water onto a dry land in model form.
- b) Model Oil Rigs being built in the North Sea taking any form.
- c) . Formulation of a jigsaw puzzle.
- d) Building of any type of building in the world.
 - e) Having a lunar base landing space craft on the moon.

- f) Orinothology, learning birds of pray
- g) Building the map of the world or any country, therefore, forming a learning routine.
- h) A game where different coloured pyramids with numbers stouped on the base can form a learning routine of relating colours to numbers.
- yalley scene, with the object of the said game being to burst open the dam gates releasing water marbles or any substance that is convenient. The said substance would knock down a variance of embankments, which could take the shape of soldiers, trucks, game, houses, amicals or any type of article that would be of interest.
 - k) Mountain Rescue, lifting injured climbers off a mountainside
 - 1): Using a six pole structure (Sea Figure 8). a plurality of persons could have a competitive type of game and utilise two flying objects see (Figure 1 Element 10) to link up in mid air.
 - m) Several types of aeroplanes could be used forming an eircraft identification game lifting the various types of planes.
- n). The Flying object (See Figure 1 Element 10) could take the shape of a childs swing and a doll or other such like models could be seated and maneouvred using the co-ordinating principle (See Figure c. Element 11).

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- b) Use in an ammarant machine encessed in glass (See Figure 11),
 the machine could be operated and controlled by one, two, three or
 four persons and could be used to pick up objects. The machine
 could be electrically or manually controlled and could be
 stationed in public places.
- park model where flying object (Figure I Element 10) could take the shape of a seat for a child. Four permanent corner posts could be embedded in concrete (See Figure 12). This apparatus could be operated by hand controls by two persons, turning two reels each.

 A child could be seated (See Figure 12 Elment 10) and memocurred around by his or her parents.
- d) Using four upright posts which may or may not be permanently fixed, and having a manually or electrically operated real at each corner, (See Figure 13) and (Element 10). The area of play could be of any 15 dimension and could involve an area of water whereby ships or eircraft cerriers could be floated. The object could be to land a helicopter on the deck of a carrier. However, the erea of rlay could involve almost any objects that would create a play or learning routine. The corner posts could be fitted with a scat whereby persons unable to stand could be seated and operate the reels in confort (See Figure 13 Element 11). The tops of the said upr ight post could have free running pulley wheels which are capable of swivelling in an arc of ninety degrees according to where the flying object is manaeuvred within the area of the fixtures. The flying object could take the shape of a weighted piece of metal which contains a swivel hook (See Figure 13 .

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Joe Mayo

- o) The said baseboard could be shaped into a jungle access with trees and dense undergrowth. Animals such as monkeys, gorilles, babbons could take the place of (Figure 5 Element 21) and be moved around the treetops using the principle, therefore forming part of a ply and learning routine.
- p) The said baseboard could have the shape of many, indeed almost limitless variations which could be of any dimension and take shape such as treasure trail games, barrage balloon games, coconut shy games, loading of ships.
- In another context flying objects (Figure 1 Element 16) could take the shape of an aeroplane, flying sencer, bird of grey, helicopter, prehistoric animal with two, three or four electrical or battery operated motors built on top (See Figure 9) which could be operated by a single controller who could operate the motors, therefore taking in or letting out lines which in the first instance would be attached to four fixtures (See figure 9 Element 10). This apparatus could be set up outdoors or indoors and could utilise any type of fixture (See Figure 2 Element IA). The ends of the lines could be attached by hooking, knotting, or by using a sucker which could affix the ends to a flat surface. Various other uses of the invented principe are as follows:
- used in a fairground or showground stall game (See Figure 10) and used as a same of picking up objects and landing them in a certain time or picking up a delicately balanced object (See Figure 10 Element 10) and landing it without overbalancing. The controls be manual or electrically operated (See Figure 3 Element 14)

Element 12) with four cycleta which allow the four way suspension to be attached by knotting or by any other means. The flying object could be magnetic and controlled by a switch which could be situated at one corner post. The electrical current could pass along a wire or steal part of the suspension.

could be used to create a showground stall interest this invented principle. Could be used to create a showground model for children where the said flying object could take the shape of an enclosed cabin capable of seating a plusrility of children and being operated by a single element controller and the said cabin could be marcouvred within the confines of four fixtures. (See Figure 14) The fixtures could take the shape of existing walls, metals, where smittle pulley wheels could be attached.

It will now be appreciated that the basis of the invention is a plurality of lines when joined together by a centre piece, can allow the centre piece, which takes various shapes and forms as illustrated, to the manoguard anywhere within the confines of four or more fixture points picking up or länding any object.

The support columns (Figure 7 Elements 11) may be of wood, metal, nylon or plastic and may be of any size that is convenient. They also may take any shape that is removeable or can be hinged for easy storage. They may have small holes in them to allow free running of the suspension. See Figure 7. Below the said baseboard there may be four electrically or operated by battery motors which control the movement of the suspension. The said motors will have two movements forward and reverse. Various ways of operating these motors are now described.

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These may be a switch at each corner whereby the suggestion could be operated by four persons by pressing the switch formula or reverse, whichever the case may be. It may be that a control unit could be built to house two segarate switches to allow the suggestion to be operated by two persons.

suspension and flying object could be moved in aix distinct directions.

Four horizontal movements i.e. forwards, backwards, sideways left and

sideways right; also up and down. The said control box could contain a

single control stick and when it is moved in a certain direction as stated

above it activates the motor switches to allow it to move in the desired

direction. In further controlling of the suspension it could be done by

remote control utilising radio waves to operates the switches which would

allow an operator to guide the flying object from a distance and not

being physically attached to the said apparatus:

This method of single control would be applicable to all variations of the fourway suspension including amusement machines, showground stell interest and childrens playground models.

(See Figure 15) and the model may only have three parts to the suspension and be operated by one, two or three persons. This model may be operated by electrical motors or manually operated reels.

The said baseboard may be of any shape with any amount of supports to ellow actuation of the flying object from any direction within any dimension.

It will now be appreciated the basis of the invention is a type of lifting apparatus which can be controlled by many different methods. The play learning and educational variations that the lifting apparatus involves may very well utilise any objects or everylay things on this earth, to be rebuilt in a variety of ways involving puzzles, numbers; colours, buildings.

may be used in a horizontal form, whereby, that the centre object could be manouvred on any type of surface, above or below the said object, which could scroll a design on the said surface, which may be of glass, paper, cardboard, metal etc., the centre object, which may or may not be a pencil, ink holder, piece of metal, would be controlled by four dials, each one controlling an end of the elongate element (See Figure 16)

The base of the model (See Figure 7) may be a series of cardboard, nylon or paper and having the same pattern moulded, drilled or designed on the wood, plastic, or nylon base the said cardboard could be removable therefore having dozens of different games utilizing the same baseboard